## Redox (MCQ)

1. A phosphate $(\mathrm{V})$ ion has the formula $\mathrm{PO}_{4}{ }^{3-}$. What is the formula for copper $(\mathrm{I})$ phosphate $(\mathrm{V})$ ?

A $\mathrm{Cu}\left(\mathrm{PO}_{4}\right)_{5}$
B $\mathrm{Cu}_{5} \mathrm{PO}_{4}$
C $\mathrm{Cu}\left(\mathrm{PO}_{4}\right)_{3}$
D $\mathrm{Cu}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4}$
$\square$
2. What is the oxidation number of Fe in $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{FeO}_{4}$ ?

A +4
B +5
C +6
D +7

Your answer
3. Which reaction shows oxidation of sulfur?

A $2 \mathrm{HBr}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{SO}_{2}+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{Br}_{2}$
B $\mathrm{SO}_{2}+2 \mathrm{NaOH} \rightarrow \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{3}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
C $8 \mathrm{HI}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4} \rightarrow 4 \mathrm{I}_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}+4 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
D $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}+\mathrm{Cl}_{2} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{HCl}+\mathrm{S}$
4. What is the oxidation number of nitrogen in $\mathrm{Mg}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}$ ?

A -3
B $\quad+2$
C $\quad+5$
D $\quad+6$

Your answer
5. Equations for two reactions that form $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ are shown below.

$$
\begin{gathered}
2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{O}_{2} \\
2 \mathrm{H}_{2}+\mathrm{O}_{2} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}
\end{gathered}
$$

Which statement is correct?
A. Hydrogen is reduced in both reactions.
B. Hydrogen is reduced in only one of the reactions.
C. Oxygen is oxidised in both reactions.
D. Oxygen is oxidised in only one of the reactions.

Your answer $\square$
6. What is the oxidation number of vanadium in the ion $\mathrm{V}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}{ }^{4-}$ ?
A. +5
B. +7
C. +10
D. +14

Your answer $\square$
7. Which equation represents a redox reaction?
A. $\mathrm{Mg}+2 \mathrm{HCl} \rightarrow \mathrm{MgCl}_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{MgO}+2 \mathrm{HCl} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{MgCl}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{MgCO}_{3}+2 \mathrm{HCl} \rightarrow \mathrm{CO}_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{MgCl}_{2}$
D. $\mathrm{Mg}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}+2 \mathrm{HCl} \rightarrow \mathrm{MgCl}_{2}+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

Your answer $\square$
8. What is the formula of chromium(III) sulfate?
A. $\mathrm{Cr}_{3} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
B. $\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{Cr}_{2}\left(\mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{Cr}_{3} \mathrm{SO}_{3}$

Your answer

## Mark scheme - Redox (MCQ)

| Question | Answer/Indicative content | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | D | 1 (AO1.2) |  |
|  | Total | 1 |  |
| 2 | C | 1 | ALLOW +6 <br> Examiner's Comments <br> Nearly all candidates responded with the correct response of C. Candidates seem to have a very good understanding of applying oxidation number rules. |
|  | Total | 1 |  |
| 3 | D | 1 | Examiner's Comments <br> Candidates needed to do a lot of work to solve this problem and most wrote oxidation numbers around the equations. This systematic process allowed most candidates to find that $D$ is the only option in which sulfur is oxidised. |
|  | Total | 1 |  |
| 4 | C | 1 | ALLOW +5 OR 5+ in box <br> Examiner's Comments <br> Generally scored well. |
|  | Total | 1 |  |
| 5 | D | 1 |  |
|  | Total | 1 |  |
| 6 | A | 1 |  |
|  | Total | 1 |  |
| 7 | A | 1 |  |
|  | Total | 1 |  |
| 8 | C | 1 |  |
|  | Total | 1 |  |

